

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

must fail, because the machinery and the morality of national, state, and local politics must rise and fall together.

WILLIAM H. ALLEN.

University of Pennsylvania.

Dennoch! Aus Theorie und Geschichte der gewerkschaftlichen Arbeiterbewegung. Von Werner Sombart, Professor an der Universität Breslau. Jena: Gustav Fischer, 1900. 8vo, pp. 121.

In the preface Professor Sombart explains that his lectures were prepared for a general audience, and contain nothing new in theory. The principal topics are the origin and purpose of the trade union movement, the English trade unions, the German labor movement, a valuation of the nature and mission of the associations of workmen, and some incidents of recent controversies. The closing quotations from partisan newspapers illustrate the fact that an academic lecturer who seeks to be impartial in public debate is apt to draw fire from both contending armies. In this particular instance the professor really seems to enjoy the epithets which are shot at him.

One of the most interesting and fresh discussions of the book is the author's description of the trade union guild-house at Berlin.

C. R. HENDERSON.